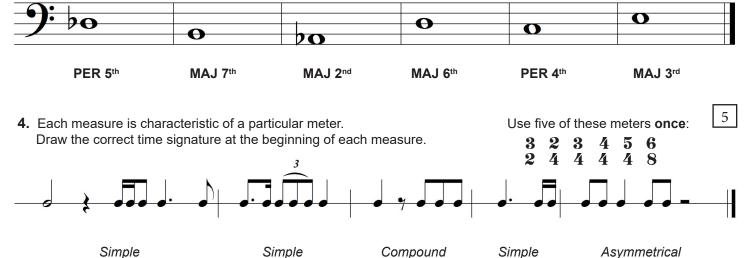
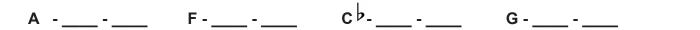
#### Whitlock Level Spring 2019 **COPYRIGHT 2018 TMTA/TMTEF Texas Music Teachers Association** ★Student Affiliate★ Name Last Name, First Name. Please print clearly or affix label. ALPHA School Grade Date CODE Points Notice: Do NOT make any extra marks or comments on the test. Points may be deducted 1. On the staves below: A. Draw a note that is a chromatic half step B. Draw a note that is a chromatic half step below each given note. above each given note. $\mathbf{\Omega}$ **1**0 20 A. Draw a note that is a diatonic half step B. Draw a note that is a diatonic half step below each given note. above each given note. þo 10 to 00 3. Construct the following intervals **above** the given note. 3



5. Below the arrow in each measure, draw the one note that has been left out of the measure. 4

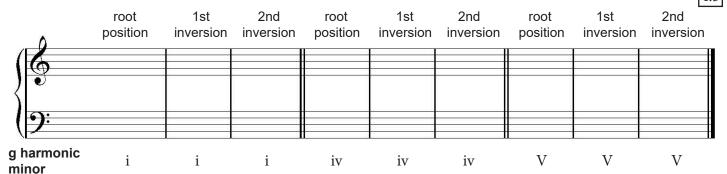
### Page 2 Whitlock Level 8 Spring 2019

6. Spell Major triads on the given roots. Example: C-E-G



**7.** On the grand staff below:

- A. Draw the key signature in the first measure of both staves of the key named below the staff.
- B. On the treble staff, draw the tonic, subdominant, and dominant triads and their inversions as indicated.
- C. On the bass staff, draw only the root of the indicated chord. Use whole notes for triads and bass notes.



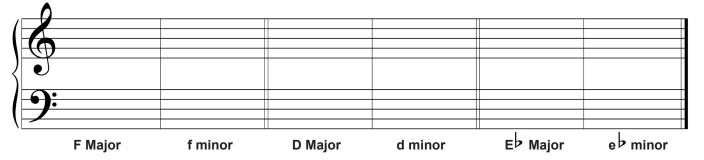
8. On the grand staff below, the major triads are indicated with lead sheet notation. Use accidentals as needed.A. On the treble staff, draw the corresponding notes of the named major triad.

B. On the bass staff, draw the indicated bass note. Use whole notes for triads and bass notes.

•	Α	B/D#	С	G/D	A/E	B♭/D
$\sum$						

- 9. On the grand staff below:
  - A. Draw the indicated major key signature on **both** treble and bass staves in the first measure of each pair.

B. Draw the indicated parallel minor key signature on **both** staves in each second-paired measure.



 10. On the staff below:
 A. Complete this four-measure melody. The first measure is given.
 1

 B. Use a melodic sequence or rhythmic imitation in measure two.
 1

 C. Use a good final melodic cadence: 7-1, 2-1, 3-1, or 5-1.
 1

 D. End on the tonic (keynote).
 1

 E. The last measure must end on a strong beat.
 1/2

 I/2
 1

6 6

3

ı.

4

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### Whitlock Level 8 Spring 2019 Page 3

		Windlock Level o Spring 2019 Page			
Name Last Name, First N	ame. Please print.				
<ul> <li>11. On each staff below:</li> <li>A. Draw the key signature of each minor scale named to the left of the staff.</li> <li>B. Draw the notes of each minor scale one octave ascending only. Use whole notes.</li> <li>C. Add accidentals as needed for the minor scale named.</li> </ul>					
e <sup> </sup> melodic minor			-+- -+- -+-		
b <sup>,</sup> harmonic minor	):				
a natural minor					
<b>12.</b> In the musical example b A. What is the key of this	elow: excerpt?(Include whether it is major or m	inor)	2		
B. Is the last chord <b>tonic</b>	, subdominant, or dominant? (circle one)	)	2		
C. The slurred eighth not	tes in the bass are taken from which minor	scale? natural or harmonic (circle one)	2		
	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $				
<b>13.</b> Write the number of the c	correct definition in the blank. One definition	n will not be used.	10		

\_\_\_\_\_ Cantabile

\_\_\_\_\_

- 1. A chromatic sign that lowers a tone two half steps
- Diminished Triad

**First Inversion Triad** 

**Double Flat** 

- A half step using two letter names; a minor second (C-Db)
   A minor scale that raises scale degree 7 a half step
- 4. A scale made up of whole steps and half steps used in ascending order: W H W W H W W
- Harmonic Minor Scale 5. A slow tempo
  - 6. A triad built with two minor thirds
- Marcato

Lento

- Natural Minor Scale
- Second Inversion Triad
- \_\_\_\_\_ Triad Fifth

- 7. A triad with its fifth as the lowest pitch
- 8. A triad with its third as its lowest pitch
- 9. In a singing style
- 10. Marked, emphasized
  - 11. The highest pitch of a triad (a fifth above the root)

4

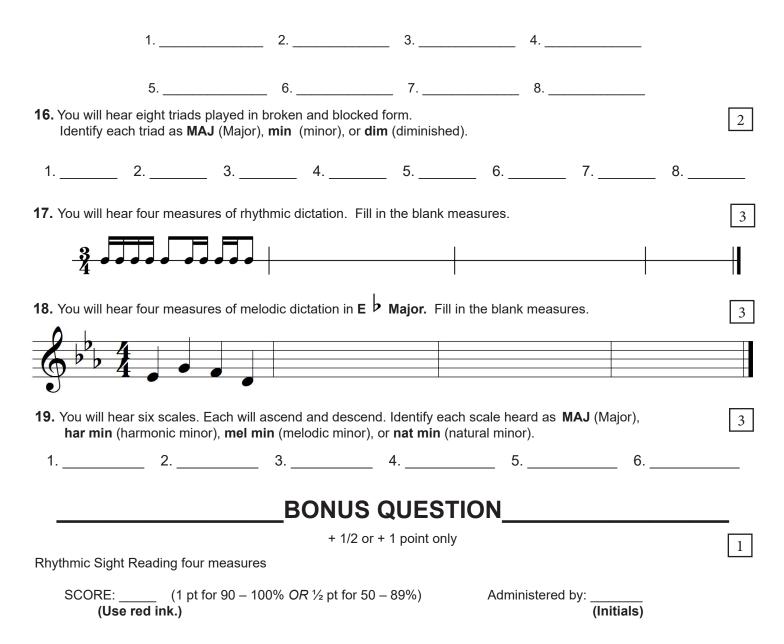
4

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14. Transpose this four measure phrase to the new key indicated above the second staff.



**15.** You will hear eight intervals in a major scale. All intervals are within one octave and will be either **Major** or **Perfect**. Name the **type and size** of each interval. Examples: PER UNI, MAJ 2<sup>nd</sup>, etc.



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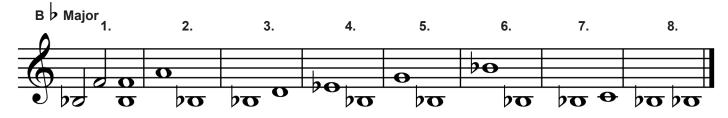
## **Theory Test Ear Training Instructions**

#### For each question:

- A. Play according to suggested tempo.
- B. All examples are MM: = 60
- C. Leave plenty of silence between repetitions to allow hearing mentally.
- D. Pause the audio tracks as needed to allow students time to write their answers.

#### **Question 15: Intervals**

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play the scale and tonic triad tones 1-3-5-3-1. Repeat the keynote and say its letter name.
- 3. Play the first example as a melodic interval and a harmonic interval. Pause. Repeat.
- 4. Continue through all examples using the method illustrated in example one.
- 5. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each interval.



#### **Question 16: Triad Identification**

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each triad using the method illustrated in example one. Pause. Repeat.
- 3. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each one.



#### **Question 17: Rhythmic Dictation**

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Explain that you will play a four-measure example, all on one pitch. The students are to draw the types of notes they hear, where they are needed. The first measure is printed on the test.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud one measure before each time you play. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play the example through, accenting the first beat of each measure.
- 5. Play again while the students clap and count aloud. Play a third time, then wait while they write.
- 6. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat. Announce and play the last two measures. Pause. Repeat. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



Continued on the back

#### Page 2 Whitlock Level 8 Spring 2019

#### Ear Training Instructions (Continued)

#### **Question 18: Melodic Dictation**

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions. Explain that you will play a four-measure melody and explain the dictation procedure. The first measure is printed on the test.
- 2. Play the scale and tonic triad tones 1-3-5-3-1. Repeat the keynote and say its letter name.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud one measure before each time you play. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play all four measures at the tempo indicated. Repeat as the students sing along.
- 5. Repeat all four measures once again while they write.
- 6. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat.
- 7. Announce and play the last two measures preceded by the last note of measure two. Pause. Repeat.
- 8. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



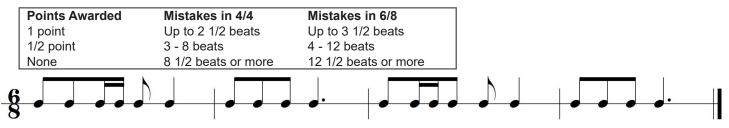
#### **Question 19: Scale Identification**

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each example, as illustrated, twice.
- 3. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between them.



#### Bonus: Rhythmic Sight Reading

- This question is to be given individually to students. Students are to use the Student Example Page only.
- Each student should have several minutes to look over the example.
- Each student may have two tries. After the first try, indicate the location and type of error made.
- Explain that students may tap, clap, say, or play the notes.
- There is no tempo requirement, but they must keep a steady beat.
- Use the chart to calculate the percentage.
- Use the best of the two attempts to calculate the score.
- Record the score on the student's paper in red ink.



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## Rhythmic Sightreading Student's Example

Take a few moments to look over the rhythmic sight reading below.

- You may tap, clap, say, or play the notes.
- You may set your own tempo, but keep a steady beat.
- You may have **two tries**.
- After the first try, the teacher will indicate the location and type of any error(s) made.

Please tell the teacher when you are ready to begin.

