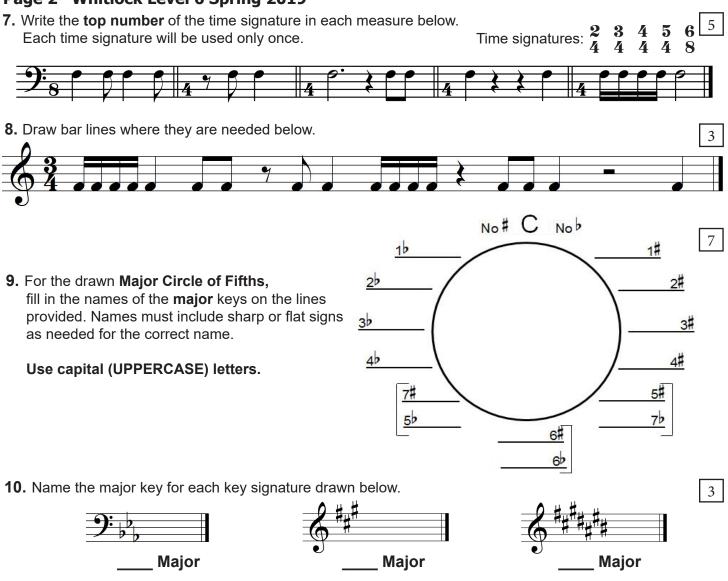
COPYRIGHT 2018 TMTA/TMTEF Whitlock Level Spring 2019 **Texas Music Teachers Association** ★Student Affiliate★ Name_ Last Name, First Name. Please print clearly or affix label. ALPHA School Grade Date Points CODE make any extra marks or comments on the test. Points may be deducted. Notice: Do NO1 1. On the staff below, draw stems, flags, beams, sharps, or flats to make the type of notes indicated. 4 sixteenth note on Bb eighth notes on A and C eighth note on A# sixteenth notes on F and C use a beam use a beam use a flag use a flag 2. On the line below the staff, name the distance between each pair of notes. Notice the clef signs. 6 Use **H** for half step, **W** for whole step, **O** for no step (enharmonic), and **W+H** for one-and-a-half steps. 0 O 20 20 to 0 to A **3.** Name the following intervals on the line below each measure. Examples: 2nd, 4th, 8^{ve} 6 A Θ Ο A A θ 4. A. On the staff below, draw the note of the B. On the staff below, draw the note of the indicated interval above the given note. indicated interval below the given note. Add ledger line(s) if needed. Add ledger line(s) if needed. 7th 8^{ve} 2nd 5^{th} 0 റ θ O Ο θ 3rd 6th 8^{ve} 4^{th} ĮΩ **5.** Label each 3rd on the staff to the right 2 ĮΩ as major (MAJ) or minor (min). Notice the clef sign. 6. Below the arrow in each measure, draw the one note that has been left out of the measure. 4 Notice the time signature.

Page 2 Whitlock Level 6 Spring 2019



11. Write the number of the correct definition in the blank. One definition will not be used.

1. A chromatic sign used in front of a note to change the note from Accidental what the key signature requires or from what has occurred previous-Adagio ly in the measure **Binary Form** 2. A piece that has two sections: sections A and B Dissonant 3. A slow tempo Meter 4. A triad built on scale degree four Octave 5. An interval of two notes with the same letter name, but are eight steps (twelve half steps) apart Rallentando 6. An interval that repeats the very same pitch Subdominant Triad 7. Play to the point marked *fine*; the end Triad Root 8. Slowing the tempo Unison 9. The mixing of sounds that do not blend together 10. The note upon which a triad is built; the name of the triad

11. The organizing patterns of stronger and weaker beats

10

COPYRIGHT 2018 TMTA/TMTEF

Whitlock Level 6 Spring 2019 Page 3

8

4

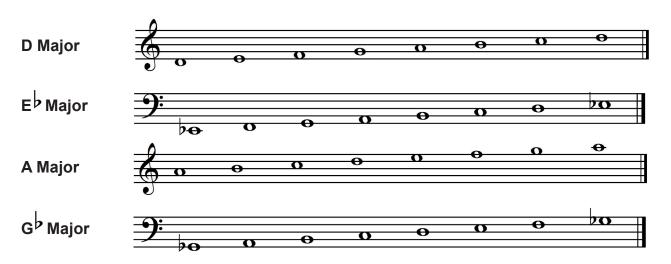
3

3

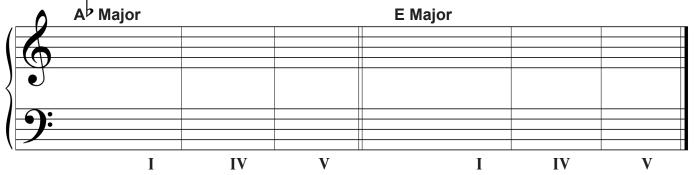
Name_

Last Name, First Name. Please print.

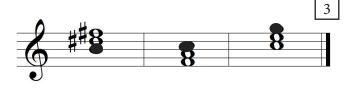
12. Draw sharps or flats needed to make the major scale named before each staff. *Notice the clef signs*.

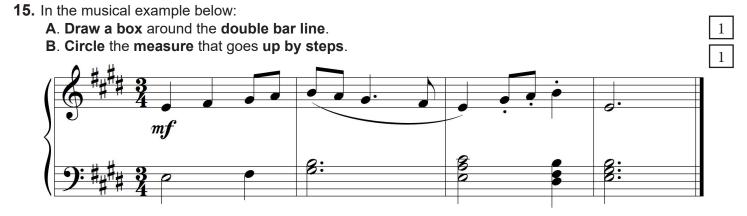


- **13.** On the grand staff below:
 - A. On both treble and bass staves, draw the key signature of the major key named above each staff.
 - **B**. On the **treble** staff **only**, draw the Tonic (I), Subdominant (IV), and Dominant (V) Triads in **root** position. *Use whole notes.*
 - C. On the bass staff only, draw only the root of each chord (not the entire triad). Use whole notes.



14. On the staff to the right, each triad has one note filled in. Identify the filled note as either the root, 3rd, or 5th of the triad by writing root, 3rd, or 5th on the line below each chord.

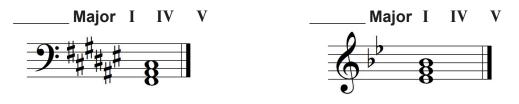




Page 4 Whitlock Level 6 Spring 2019

16. Above each staff:

- **A**. Name the **major** key for each key signature drawn on each staff.
- **B**. Circle the correct Roman numeral to identify the triad as I, IV, or V.



2

EAR TRAINING_____

17. You will hear five major or minor triads played in broken and blocked form. 5 Print **MAJ** or **min** in the proper blank. 1. 2. _____ 3. ____ 4. ____ 5. ____ **18.** You will hear six intervals played both broken and blocked. They will be either a second, fifth, 3 or seventh. Write 2nd, 5th, or 7th in the proper blank. 1. _____ 2. ____ 3. ____ 4. ____ 5. ____ 6. ____ **19.** You will hear four measures of rhythmic dictation. Fill in the blank measures. 3 **20.** You will hear four measures of melodic dictation. Fill in the blank measures. 4 C Major BONUS QUESTION Complete the linear minor circle of fifths. 1 Fill in the blanks **up** and **down** by the interval of a 5th from the given note. Lower case letters should be used. Down by 5^{ths} ← Start on → Up by 5^{ths} þ þ #

COPYRIGHT 2018 TMTA/TMTEF





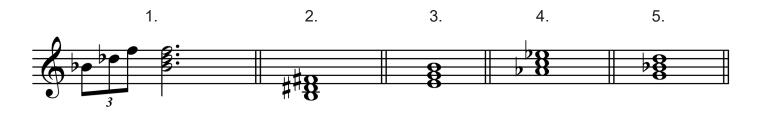
Theory Test Ear Training Instructions

For each question:

- A. Play according to suggested tempo.
- B. All examples are MM: = 60
- C. Leave plenty of silence between repetitions to allow hearing mentally.
- D. Pause the audio tracks as needed to allow students time to write their answers.

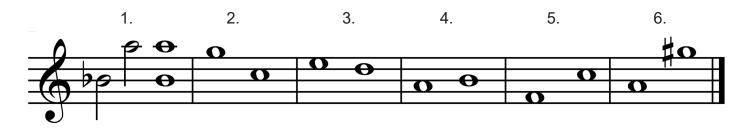
Question 17: Triad Identification

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each triad using the method illustrated in example one. Pause. Repeat.
- 3. Continue the same through all examples.
- 4. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each one.



Question 18: Intervals

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each example as both broken and blocked intervals using the method illustrated in measure one.
- 3. Play the first example. Pause. Repeat. Continue through all examples.
- 4. Repeat all examples once more, pausing briefly between each one.



Page 2 Whitlock Level 6 Spring 2019

Ear Training Instructions (Continued)

Question 19: Rhythmic Dictation

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Explain that you will play a four-measure example all on one pitch. The students are to draw the types of notes they hear where they are needed. The first measure is printed on the test and the bar lines are already drawn.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud two measures before each time you play. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play the example through, accenting the first beat of each measure.
- 5. Play again while the students clap and count aloud. Play a third time then wait while they write.
- 6. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat.
- 7. Announce and play the last two measures. Pause. Repeat.
- 8. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



Question 20: Melodic Dictation

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Explain that you will play a four-measure melody and name the major key. The 1st and 3rd measures are printed on the test and the bar lines are already drawn.
- 3. Play the major scale and the tonic triad tones 1 3 5 3 1. Repeat the keynote and say its name.
- 4. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud two measures before each time you play. Do not count or tap while playing.
- Play all four measures. Repeat as the students sing along. Repeat once again while they write.
 A. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat.

B. Announce and play the last two measures preceded by the last note of measure 2. Pause. Repeat. 6. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



REMIND STUDENTS TO COMPLETE THE BONUS QUESTION AT THE BOTTOM OF THE TEST.